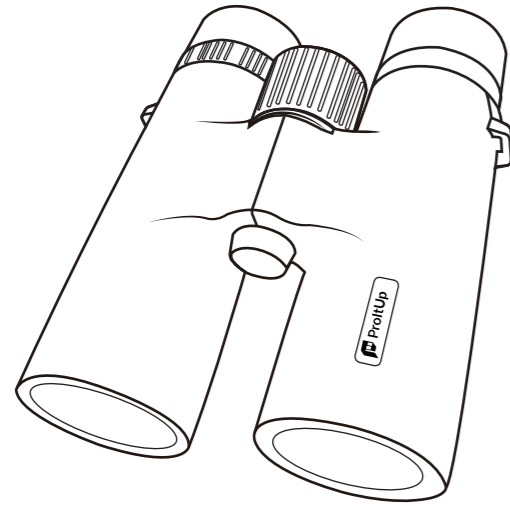


Instruction Manual



Binoculars

CATALOGUE

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WARNING

Do not use this product to directly observe strong light sources, such as the sun, or it will cause permanent eye damage!



Do not place this product directly under the sunlight. Since this product is composed of multiple sets of lenses, it may focus the sunlight in a way that could cause a fire or damage to the product itself.



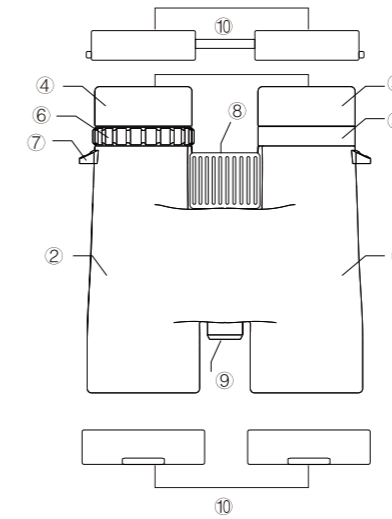
Do not use this product while moving, as this may cause the user to step on an unseen object and cause personal injury.



Do not keep the plastic packaging bag in a place where children can reach it, as children may put it in their mouth, and it can cause suffocation.



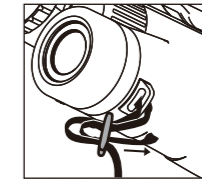
PRODUCT STRUCTURE



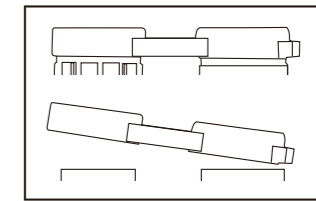
- | | |
|----------------|--------------------|
| ① Left tube | ⑥ Diopter |
| ② Right tube | ⑦ Strap |
| ③ Left eyecup | ⑧ Focus wheel |
| ④ Right eyecup | ⑨ Tripod interface |
| ⑤ Left ring | ⑩ Protection Cover |

PRODUCT INSTRUCTIONS

1. Install the strap
 Make sure that the hanging belt does not loosen when pulling, causing the product to fall.



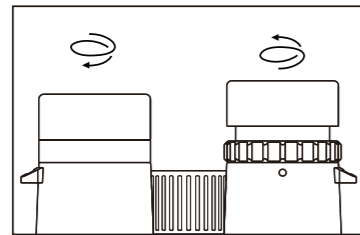
2. Remove the lens cover
 The lens protection cover of this product uses a simple disassembly design. Before using, remove the eyepiece and objective lens protection cover first.



130mm

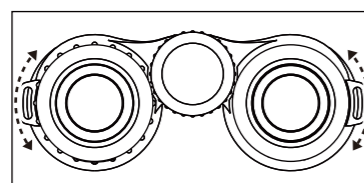
3. Eyecup adjustment

This product utilizes an adjustable eye mask design in order to achieve the best view. When wearing glasses, lower the eyecup. Increase the eyecup when using without glasses for maximum comfort.



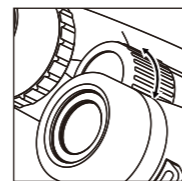
4. Adjust eye distance

Adjust the center distance between the left and right lens tubes to overlap the images seen by the eyes until it is one picture.



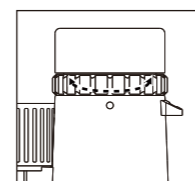
5. Focus adjustment

First, observe the target with the left eye and turn the focusing hand wheel (8) until the target observed by the left lens tube is clear.



6. Adjust vision compensation

Observe the target with the right eye, slightly turn the diopter ring for the right eye (6) and use the left lens tube as a reference until the left and right lens tubes are equally clear.



7. Change the observation target

If the above adjustment does not change your view of an object, change the observation target and repeat steps 4-5, then turn the focus wheel.

FAQ

1. Can't see the objects
 Check whether the direction of the telescope is reversed. If not, check whether the magnification is too low or too high. For the first use, it is recommended to start the focus calibration at a low magnification, calibrate with a target about 5-10 meters away, and then look into the distance when the target is clear, or adjust to a higher magnification for observation.

2. The image is blurry
 First, check whether the lens of the telescope is clean. If the lens is clean, check whether the focus is in place. When adjusting, move slowly and avoid any factors that affect the clarity of observation (see Cautions).

3. Dizziness problem
 The telescope lens is composed of optical lenses, which is the equivalent of putting several groups of lenses in front of the eyes. When viewing, the telescope will bring the picture closer to the eyes. Don't look through it for too long during the first use. Become accustomed to it in 1-2 minutes to avoid visual fatigue caused by prolonged use.

4. Vision problems
 If you are short-sighted/far-sighted and wear glasses, you can take off the glasses you wear and use telescope to watch the target (severe astigmatism will require you to wear glasses to see clearly).

5. When the temperature difference between the indoors and outdoors is relatively large (or the product is stored and packaged from the south and sent to the north), and when cold and hot air meet, a layer of fog will instantly form on the lens after opening. This is normal. Put the item in a ventilated place to dry, or simply wipe the lens before use.

6. About magnification
 The telescope magnification does not go as high as possible. The normal magnification of a handheld telescope is between 7-10X. When the magnification of the handheld telescope exceeds 10X, it is typically recommended to use a tripod to ensure the stability of the picture. Otherwise, with a high magnification, a small shake of the hand will greatly affect the stability of the picture, resulting in more shaking of the image through the lens. Screen jitter is not good for observing the target and it can easily cause visual fatigue and nausea.

CAUTIONS

1. When observing from indoors, do not watch through a window. The cleanliness and reflection of the glass will affect the observation quality.

2. Gray weather, a dark environment, and backlight will directly affect the observation quality.

3. Connect a mobile phone to take pictures. The higher pixel of the mobile phone camera, the better the quality. Usually, the eyes will see more clearly than the mobile phone camera.

4. Use a tripod to assist. The more stable the picture, the better the quality. In addition, the operator's proficiency will help the final quality of the observation.

5. Do not use this product to directly observe strong light sources, such as the sun, as it may cause permanent eye damage.

6. Avoid touching the lens with fingers. If you want to wipe the lens, please use a clean and soft lens cloth, wiping in a clockwise direction.

7. Use a lens cloth dipped in a small amount of water to wipe off surface stains. Do not rinse with lots of water.

8. Do not bump the device or shake violently during use to avoid damage to the telescope.

9. If the telescope is found to be faulty, please do not disassemble and repair it by yourself. It should be sent to a professional repair shop or returned to the factory for repair.

10. If the product is not used for a long time, it should be placed in the original package and stored in a place with a suitable temperature. The telescope should be kept dry for a long time to prolong its service life.



Do not use the telescope to observe the sun directly as it will cause permanent damage to your eyes! Individuals under the age of 10 should use the telescope only under parental supervision.